

Package: semEffect (via r-universe)

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Title Unified Effect Analysis and Visualization for Structural Equation Models

Version 1.3.0

Description Provides a unified interface to calculate, extract, and visualize standardized effect decompositions (direct, indirect, and total effects) for three major structural equation modeling (SEM) frameworks: 'lavaan', 'piecewiseSEM', and 'plspm'. The package simplifies comparative SEM analysis by offering consistent functions across different modeling paradigms. Key features include automated handling of zero-effect variables, generation of publication-ready 'ggplot2' visualizations, and returning both wide-format and long-format effect tables. It supports flexible effect filtering, accepts multi-model object inputs, and allows extensive customization of visualization parameters. The 'sem_modeling()' function serves as a central wrapper, enabling users to fit models using different packages with a unified syntax. For methodological background, see 'Rosseel' (2012) <doi:10.18637/jss.v048.i02> for 'lavaan', 'Lefcheck' (2016) <doi:10.1111/2041-210X.12512> for 'piecewiseSEM', and 'Sanchez' (2013) <doi:10.1007/s11747-012-0306-5> for 'PLS-PM'.

URL <https://github.com/PhDMeiwp/semEffect/>

BugReports <https://github.com/PhDMeiwp/semEffect/issues>

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get_effect	<i>Extract Effect Values from Structural Equation Models</i>
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Description

Extracts standardized effect decomposition (direct, indirect, and total effects) for three major structural equation modeling frameworks: 'lavaan', 'piecewiseSEM', and 'plspm'. Returns both wide-format and long-format effect tables.

Usage

```
get_effect(object, target, delete_zero_effect = TRUE, zero_threshold = 1e-10)
```

Arguments

object	SEM object (lavaan/psem/plspm).
target	Character string specifying the target variable name for effect analysis.
delete_zero_effect	Logical indicating whether to remove rows where all specified effect columns contain only zeros (default: TRUE).
zero_threshold	Threshold for negligible variables (default: 1e-10). A variable will be removed if 'delete_zero_effect' is TRUE and both of the following conditions are met: (i) the absolute value each effect type ('Direct_Effect', 'Indirect_Effect', and 'Total_Effect') is less than the threshold; AND (ii) the absolute value of the sum of the three effect values is also less than the threshold.

Value

A list containing two components:

- effect_table: A data frame with variables and their standardized effect values (direct, indirect, total)
- effect_long: A long-format version of effect_table

Author(s)

Weiping Mei

See Also[plot_effect](#), [sem](#), [psem](#), [plspm](#)**Examples**

```

# Example 01: lavaan -----
if (requireNamespace("lavaan", quietly = TRUE)) {
  library(lavaan)

  model <- '
    # Measurement model
    ind60 =~ x1 + x2 + x3
    dem60 =~ y1 + y2 + y3 + y4
    dem65 =~ y5 + y6 + y7 + y8

    # Structural model
    dem60 ~ ind60
    dem65 ~ ind60 + dem60
  '

  # Fit the model using sem_modeling
  fit <- sem_modeling(model, data = PoliticalDemocracy, type = "lavaan")

  # Extract effects for target variable "dem65"
  effects <- get_effect(fit, target = "dem65")

  print(effects$effect_table)
  print(effects$effect_long)
}

# Example 02: piecewiseSEM -----
if (requireNamespace("piecewiseSEM", quietly = TRUE)) {
  library(piecewiseSEM)

  # Create model using sem_modeling compatible format
  model_list <- list(
    lm(rich ~ cover, data = keeley),
    lm(cover ~ firesev, data = keeley),
    lm(firesev ~ age, data = keeley)
  )

  pmod <- sem_modeling(model_list, data = keeley, type = "piecewiseSEM")

  effects <- get_effect(pmod, target = "rich")
  print(effects$effect_table)
}

# Example 03: plspm with lavaan-style syntax -----

```

```

if (requireNamespace("plspm", quietly = TRUE)) {
  library(plspm)
  data(satisfaction)

  # Define model using lavaan-style syntax
  model_plspm <- "
    # Measurement model (latent variable definitions)
    IMAG =~ imag1 + imag2 + imag3 + imag4 + imag5
    EXPE =~ expe1 + expe2 + expe3 + expe4 + expe5
    QUAL =~ qual1 + qual2 + qual3 + qual4 + qual5
    VAL =~ val1 + val2 + val3 + val4
    SAT =~ sat1 + sat2 + sat3 + sat4
    LOY =~ loy1 + loy2 + loy3 + loy4

    # Structural model (regression relationships)
    EXPE ~ IMAG
    QUAL ~ EXPE
    VAL ~ EXPE + QUAL
    SAT ~ IMAG + EXPE + QUAL + VAL
    LOY ~ SAT + IMAG
  "

  # Fit the model using sem_modeling (modes will default to all "A")
  pls_fit <- sem_modeling(model_plspm, data = satisfaction, type = "plspm")

  # Extract effects for target variable "LOY"
  effects <- get_effect(pls_fit, target = "LOY")
  print(effects$effect_table)

  # Example with explicit modes specification
  sat_modes <- rep("A", 6) # All reflective modes
  pls_fit2 <- sem_modeling(model_plspm, data = satisfaction,
    type = "plspm", modes = sat_modes)
  effects2 <- get_effect(pls_fit2, target = "LOY")
  print(effects2$effect_table)
}

```

plot_effect

Plot Effect Values from Structural Equation Models

Description

Creates ggplot2 visualizations of effect values extracted from SEM models. Supports plotting total effects only or all effect types (direct, indirect, total).

Usage

```

plot_effect(
  object,

```

```

    target,
    total_only = FALSE,
    delete_zero_effect = TRUE,
    zero_threshold = 1e-10,
    total_color = "skyblue",
    color_palette = c("darkgreen", "skyblue", "orange")
  )

```

Arguments

object	SEM object (lavaan/psem/plspm) from which to extract effect values.
target	Character string specifying the target variable name for effect analysis.
total_only	Logical controlling plot mode. If TRUE, shows only total effects with customizable colors; if FALSE, displays all effect types with palette coloring (default: FALSE).
delete_zero_effect	Logical indicating whether to remove rows where all specified effect columns contain only zeros (default: TRUE).
zero_threshold	Threshold for negligible variables (default: 1e-10).
total_color	Single color or vector of colors for total effect bars when total_only=TRUE (default: "skyblue").
color_palette	Character vector of 3 colors for direct/indirect/total effects when total_only=FALSE (default: c("darkgreen", "skyblue", "orange")).

Value

A ggplot2 object displaying the effect values.

Author(s)

Weiping Mei

See Also

[get_effect](#)

Examples

```

# Example using lavaan model
if (requireNamespace("lavaan", quietly = TRUE)) {
  library(lavaan)

  model <- '
    # Measurement model
    ind60 =~ x1 + x2 + x3
    dem60 =~ y1 + y2 + y3 + y4
    dem65 =~ y5 + y6 + y7 + y8

    # Structural model

```

```
dem60 ~ ind60
dem65 ~ ind60 + dem60
,

# Fit the model using sem_modeling
fit <- sem_modeling(model, data = PoliticalDemocracy, type = "lavaan")

# Plot all effect types for target variable "dem65"
p1 <- plot_effect(fit, target = "dem65", total_only = FALSE)
print(p1)

# Plot only total effects for target variable "dem65"
p2 <- plot_effect(fit, target = "dem65", total_only = TRUE,
                  total_color = "steelblue")
print(p2)
}
```

sem_lavaan

Fitting Structural Equation Models (SEM) with lavaan

Description

A wrapper for the [sem](#) function from the lavaan package. It performs basic input checks before fitting a Structural Equation Model (SEM).

Usage

```
sem_lavaan(model, data, ...)
```

Arguments

model	A character string specifying the structural equation model.
data	A data frame containing the observed variables used in the model.
...	Additional arguments passed to sem .

Value

An object of class [lavaan-class](#), representing the fitted SEM.

See Also

[sem](#)

Examples

```
## Not run:
if (requireNamespace("lavaan", quietly = TRUE)) {
  library(lavaan)
  data(PoliticalDemocracy)

  model_spec <- '
  # Measurement Model
  ind60 =~ x1 + x2 + x3
  dem60 =~ y1 + y2 + y3 + y4
  dem65 =~ y5 + y6 + y7 + y8

  # Structural Model
  dem60 ~ ind60
  dem65 ~ ind60 + dem60

  # Residual Covariances
  y1 ~~ y5
  y2 ~~ y4 + y6
  y3 ~~ y7
  y4 ~~ y8
  y6 ~~ y8
  '

  fit <- sem_lavaan(model = model_spec, data = PoliticalDemocracy)
  summary(fit, standardized = TRUE, fit.measures = TRUE)
}

## End(Not run)
```

sem_modeling

sem_modeling

Description

Provides a unified interface to fit Structural Equation Models (SEM) using three different approaches: lavaan-style modeling, piecewise SEM, and PLS-PM. This function serves as a wrapper for custom `sem_lavaan`, `sem_piecewise`, and `sem_plspm` functions.

Usage

```
sem_modeling(model, data, type = 1, modes = NULL, ...)
```

Arguments

model	Model specification. For lavaan and plspm, a character string specifying the model syntax. For piecewiseSEM, can be a character string with formulas, a list of regression models, or a list compatible with piecewiseSEM's native format.
data	A data.frame containing the observed data.

type	Type of SEM model to fit. Can be numeric (1, 2, 3) or character ("lavaan", "piecewiseSEM", "plspm"). Default is 1 ("lavaan").
modes	A character vector specifying the measurement mode for each block in plspm (only required for plspm). Each element should be either "A" (reflective) or "B" (formative). If NULL (default), all modes are set to "A" (reflective).
...	Additional arguments passed to the underlying SEM fitting functions.

Value

A fitted model object whose class depends on the selected package: - lavaan: lavaan object - piecewiseSEM: psem object - plspm: plspm object The returned object has an additional attribute "model_type" indicating the type of model fitted.

See Also

[sem_lavaan](#), [sem_piecewise](#), [sem_plspm](#)

Examples

```
# Example 1: Using lavaan with built-in PoliticalDemocracy data
if (requireNamespace("lavaan", quietly = TRUE)) {
  library(lavaan)
  data(PoliticalDemocracy)

  model_lavaan <- '
    # measurement model
    ind60 =~ x1 + x2 + x3
    dem60 =~ y1 + y2 + y3 + y4
    dem65 =~ y5 + y6 + y7 + y8
    # structural model
    dem60 ~ ind60
    dem65 ~ ind60 + dem60
  '

  # Fit the model
  fit_lavaan <- sem_modeling(model_lavaan, data = PoliticalDemocracy,
                             type = "lavaan")
  summary(fit_lavaan)
}

# Example 2: Using piecewiseSEM with built-in keeley data
if (requireNamespace("piecewiseSEM", quietly = TRUE)) {
  library(piecewiseSEM)
  data(keeley)

  model_psem <- "
    firesev ~ age + abiotic
    cover ~ firesev + hetero
    rich ~ cover + abiotic
  "
```

```

# Fit the model
fit_psem <- sem_modeling(model_psem, data = keeley, type = "pieewiseSEM")
summary(fit_psem)
}

# Example 3: Using plspm with built-in satisfaction dataset
if (requireNamespace("plspm", quietly = TRUE)) {
  library(plspm)
  data(satisfaction)

  model_plspm <- "
  # Measurement model
  IMAG =~ imag1 + imag2 + imag3 + imag4 + imag5
  EXPE =~ expe1 + expe2 + expe3 + expe4 + expe5
  QUAL =~ qual1 + qual2 + qual3 + qual4 + qual5
  VAL =~ val1 + val2 + val3 + val4
  SAT =~ sat1 + sat2 + sat3 + sat4
  LOY =~ loy1 + loy2 + loy3 + loy4

  # Structural model
  EXPE ~ IMAG
  QUAL ~ EXPE
  VAL ~ EXPE + QUAL
  SAT ~ IMAG + EXPE + QUAL + VAL
  LOY ~ SAT + IMAG
  "

  # Example 3a: Fit without specifying modes (will default to all "A")
  fit_plspm1 <- sem_modeling(model_plspm, data = satisfaction,
                             type = "plspm")
  summary(fit_plspm1)

  # Example 3b: Fit with explicit modes specification
  sat_modes <- rep("A", 6)
  fit_plspm2 <- sem_modeling(model_plspm, data = satisfaction,
                             type = "plspm", modes = sat_modes)
  summary(fit_plspm2)
  plot(fit_plspm2, what = "inner")
}

```

sem_pieewise

Fit a Piecewise Structural Equation Model (SEM) from Multiple Specification Formats

Description

Fits a piecewise structural equation model using the `psem` function from the `pieewiseSEM` package. It accepts three types of model specifications: lavaan-style formula text, regression function text (`lm/glm`), or a list of models compatible with `pieewiseSEM`'s native format.

Usage

```
sem_piecewise(model, data, ...)
```

Arguments

model	A model specification. Can be a character string containing formulas, a list of regression models, or a list compatible with piecewiseSEM's native format. For character inputs, each line should represent a structural equation, with the dependent variable on the left and predictors on the right of a '~' operator. Lines can be separated by newlines or semicolons. Comments starting with '#' are allowed.
data	A data frame containing the variables used in the model.
...	Additional arguments passed to piecewiseSEM::psem.

Details

The function first checks the input model type and content. For character specifications, it validates that the model does not contain latent variable ('=~') or covariance ('~~') operators, which are not supported in piecewiseSEM. It then parses the input model string into separate equations and constructs appropriate regression function calls.

Three input formats are supported:

1. Lavaan-style formula text: Multiple formulas as a character string
2. Regression function text: Explicit lm()/glm() calls as a character string
3. Native list format: A list of regression models as expected by piecewiseSEM

Value

An object of class psem returned by piecewiseSEM::psem, representing the fitted piecewise structural equation model. This contains information about individual regressions, goodness-of-fit statistics, and coefficients.

See Also

[psem](#) for the underlying fitting function.

Examples

```
if (requireNamespace("piecewiseSEM", quietly = TRUE)) {
  library(piecewiseSEM)
  data(keeley)

  # Example 1: Lavaan-style formula text
  model_text1 <- "
    firesev ~ age + abiotic
    cover ~ firesev + hetero
    rich ~ cover + abiotic
  "
  fit1 <- sem_piecewise(model = model_text1, data = keeley)
```

```

summary(fit1)

# Example 2: Regression function text
model_text2 <- "
  lm(firesev ~ age + abiotic, data = data)
  lm(cover ~ firesev + hetero, data = data)
  lm(rich ~ cover + abiotic, data = data)
"
fit2 <- sem_pieewise(model = model_text2, data = keeley)
summary(fit2)

# Example 3: Native list format (same as pieewiseSEM)
model_list3 <- list(
  lm(firesev ~ age + abiotic, data = keeley),
  lm(cover ~ firesev + hetero, data = keeley),
  lm(rich ~ cover + abiotic, data = keeley)
)
fit3 <- sem_pieewise(model = model_list3, data = keeley)
summary(fit3)
}

```

sem_plspm

Convert Lavaan Format Model to Plspm Required Input Format and Perform PLS-PM Analysis

Description

Parses a structural equation model specified in lavaan syntax, extracts the latent variable definitions and structural relationships, converts them into the path matrix and blocks list required by the plspm package, and performs Partial Least Squares Path Modeling analysis.

Usage

```
sem_plspm(model, data, modes = NULL, verbose = FALSE, ...)
```

Arguments

model	Character string, lavaan format model definition. Should include latent variable definitions (using =~ operator) and structural relationships (using ~ operator). Covariance relationships (~~) are not directly handled by plspm and will be ignored with a warning.
data	Data frame containing all observed variables used in the model.
modes	Character vector specifying measurement mode for each latent variable in the model. "A" for reflective mode, "B" for formative mode. If NULL (default), all modes are set to "A" (reflective).
verbose	Logical value, whether to display detailed intermediate processes including parsed model components and path matrix construction (default FALSE).
...	Other parameters passed to plspm::plspm() function.

Value

Returns the result object from `plspm::plspm()` function.

Examples

```
# Load the plspm package
if (requireNamespace("plspm", quietly = TRUE)) {
  library(plspm)

  # Example using the built-in satisfaction dataset
  data(satisfaction)

  # Define a lavaan-style model for customer satisfaction
  model <- "
    # Measurement model (latent variable definitions)
    IMAG =~ imag1 + imag2 + imag3 + imag4 + imag5
    EXPE =~ expe1 + expe2 + expe3 + expe4 + expe5
    QUAL =~ qual1 + qual2 + qual3 + qual4 + qual5
    VAL =~ val1 + val2 + val3 + val4
    SAT =~ sat1 + sat2 + sat3 + sat4
    LOY =~ loy1 + loy2 + loy3 + loy4

    # Structural model (regression relationships)
    EXPE ~ IMAG
    QUAL ~ EXPE
    VAL ~ EXPE + QUAL
    SAT ~ IMAG + EXPE + QUAL + VAL
    LOY ~ SAT + IMAG
  "

  # Example 1: Run without specifying modes (will default to all "A")
  result1 <- sem_plspm(model = model,
    data = satisfaction,
    verbose = TRUE)

  # Example 2: Run with explicit modes specification
  modes <- c("A", "A", "A", "A", "A", "A")
  result2 <- sem_plspm(model = model,
    data = satisfaction,
    modes = modes,
    verbose = TRUE)

  # View summary of results
  summary(result1)

  # Plot the inner model path coefficients
  plot(result1, what = "inner")
}
```

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